Non-traumatic musculoskeletal conditions
(https://galwayem.ie/guidelines/trauma-and-musculoskeletal/non-traumatic-musculoskeletal-conditions)

Category
Trauma and Musculoskeletal (https://galwayem.ie/guidelines/trauma-and-musculoskeletal)

Many patients with non-traumatic limb pain present to Emergency Departments but most are neither accidents nor emergencies. In many cases the most appropriate management is to refer the patient back to their GP. However, some patients have been referred by their GP and other patients may be appropriate for Emergency Department follow up for various reasons. Do not bring patient back to clinic for advice if there is a senior ED doctor in the department

Upper limb
Rotator cuff problems
- Analgesics /NSAIDs if not contraindicated
- Broad arm sling for short period of time, but only if in severe pain
- Encourage gentle (e.g. pendulum) movements +/- physio
- Follow up by GP

Acute calcific peri-arthritis of shoulder
- Analgesia
- Broad arm sling if necessary
- Review clinic 1 week

Septic olecranon bursitis
- Antibiotics; flucloxacillin.
- Collar & cuff
- Review clinic 48 hrs -
If very severe may need admission for IV antibiotics
- Not for aspiration

Non-infected olecranon bursitis
- NSAIDs if not contraindicated
- Follow up in Review clinic at 1 week or by G.P.

Tennis elbow/Golfers Elbow
- NSAIDs
- Follow up by G.P.
**Tenosynovitis crepitans (DeQuervain’s)**
- POP back slab
- Analgesics/NSAID as necessary
- Review clinic 10 days POP off on arrival

**Ganglion**
- Refer to GP for OPD referral if necessary

**Carpal Tunnel syndrome**
- Consider possible underlying cause
- Futura splint for night time use only
- Refer to GP for OPD referral

**Trigger finger/thumb**
- GP for OPD referral
Stuck trigger thumb Most common in young children
- Needs surgical release.
- Ask advice

**Lower limb**

**Hip pain in young children (Limp)**
Most commonly due to transient synovitis but need to out-rule more serious conditions such as septic arthritis and Perthes Go to page 125

**Slipped upper femoral epiphysis**
Suspect in any pre-pubertal child with pain between hip and knee. More common in overweight children. Often follows minor trauma
- Need an AP and frog lateral X-ray of hip
- Refer orthopaedics

**Greater Trochanter pain/bursitis**
- Analgesia, NSAIDs
- Follow-up by GP

**Acute synovitis knee**
Atraumatic painful swollen +/- hot knee
- Check temperature.
- D/W senior Doc
- If cannot O/R septic arthritis refer orthopaedics.
- Otherwise NSAIDs and refer to back to GP

**Loose Body knee**
History of intermittent locking or giving way. No recent trauma
- X-ray, do intercondylar (tunnel) view
- Refer back to GP for referral to ortho OPD

**Osgood Schlatter's Disease**
Atraumatic pain localised to tibial tuberosity exacerbated by activity. Stops when child stops growing
- Advise as to nature of disease
- Symptomatic treatment
- Rest when pain is severe and exercise when pain is better.
Pre-patellar/ Infra patellar bursitis.
Treat as for olecranon bursitis (page 42).

Suspected stress fracture leg
May not show on initial X-ray
- Ask advice
- If neck of femur, CT +/- refer orthopaedics
- Symptomatic treatment
- Review clinic 10 to 14 days

Plantar Fasciitis
Atraumatic pain sole of foot usually localised with point tenderness to anterior part of heel pad
- Give patient a horseshoe shaped pad of orthopaedic felt to take weight off painful spot.
- Advise exercises to stretch calf muscles
- Refer GP for consideration of steroid/local anaesthetic injection.

Suspected Stress Fracture in foot (March fracture)
- Most commonly 2nd metatarsal
- May not show on initial x-rays
- Symptomatic treatment
- Review Clinic 2 weeks

Ganglion
- Refer back to GP for OPD referral

Ingrowing toe nail
- If grossly infected remove nail under LA
- Ask advice on how to do this
- Otherwise refer back to GP

Verruca
- Treat with topical salicyclic acid preparation
- Refer back to GP

Podagra (Acute gout of MTP joint of big toe)
- Acute hot red swollen 1st MTP joint
- Treat with diclofenac.

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